

# Cash For Rent Assistance to IDPs in Kharkiv Region

Ukraine, 2016

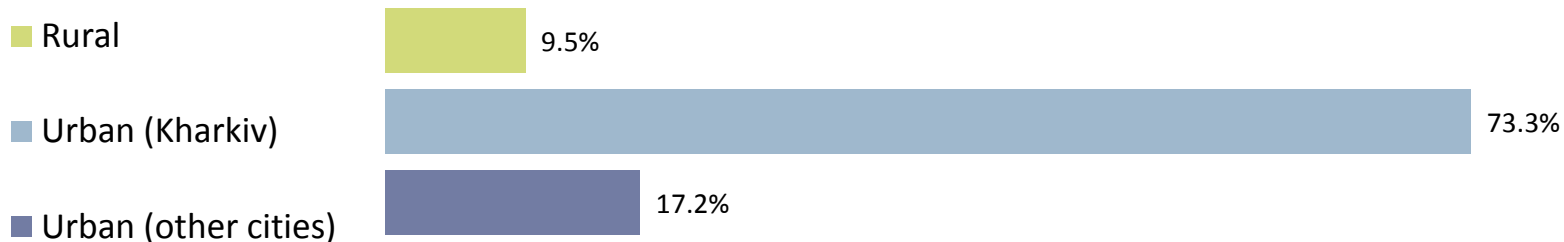


Humanitarian Aid  
and Civil Protection

# Background

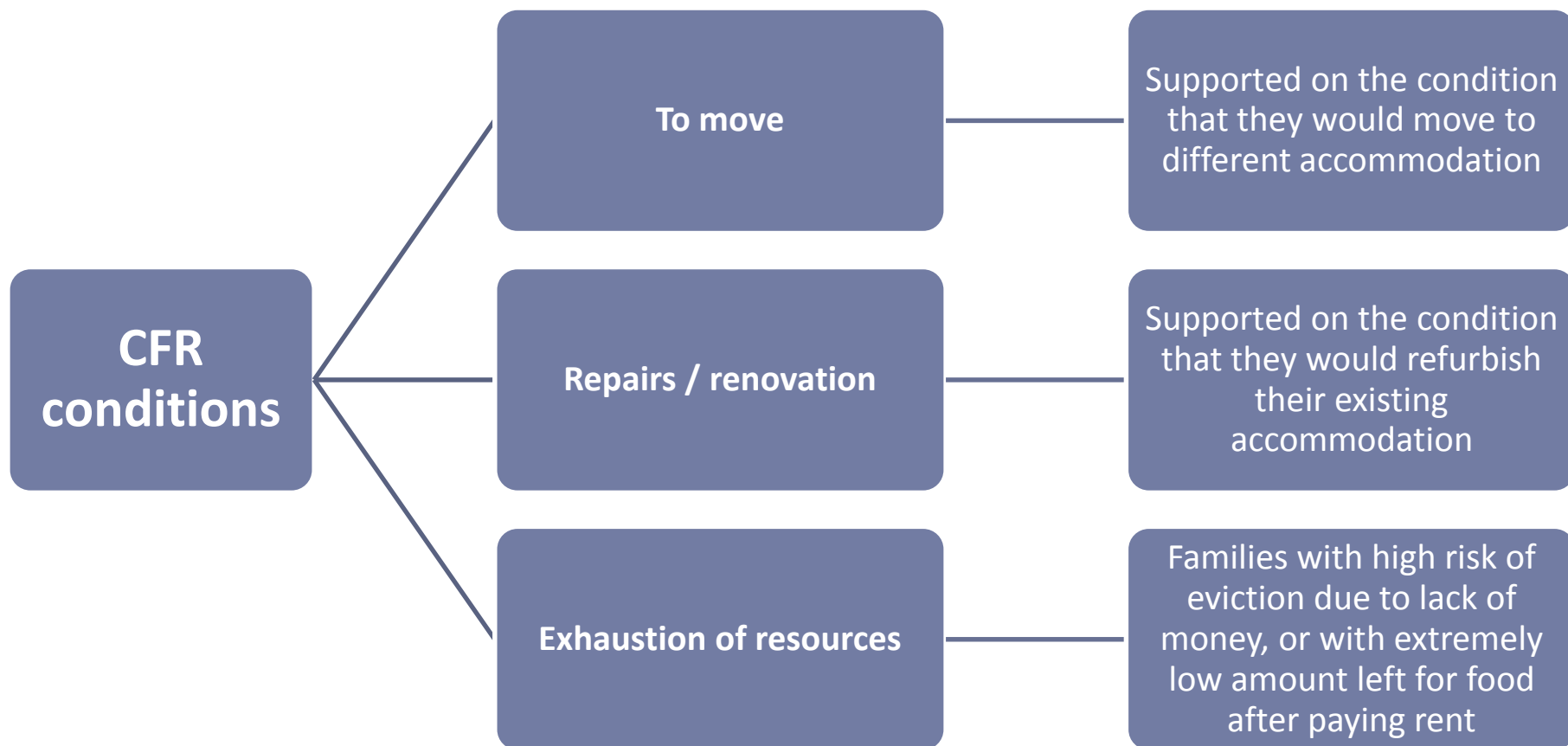
- The objective of the Cash For Rent (CFR) programme is to provide essential shelter support for extremely vulnerable individuals and protection cases
- A pilot project in Kharkiv Region supported 1,046 households (HH) (3,605 IDPs)
- 77 settlements of Kharkiv Region were covered by the assistance

## Settlement type



# Type of CFR support

Initial calculations for CFR support were made based on the Technical Working Group recommendations, but during the project it was identified that the prices for rent have grown and the support amounts have been increased in line with IOM verification visits data on rent amounts paid by IDPs collected for all households



# Selection criteria

## Housing:

- Poor, inadequate or extremely inadequate shelter conditions
- Threat of eviction
- Lack of privacy due to over-occupancy or other conditions



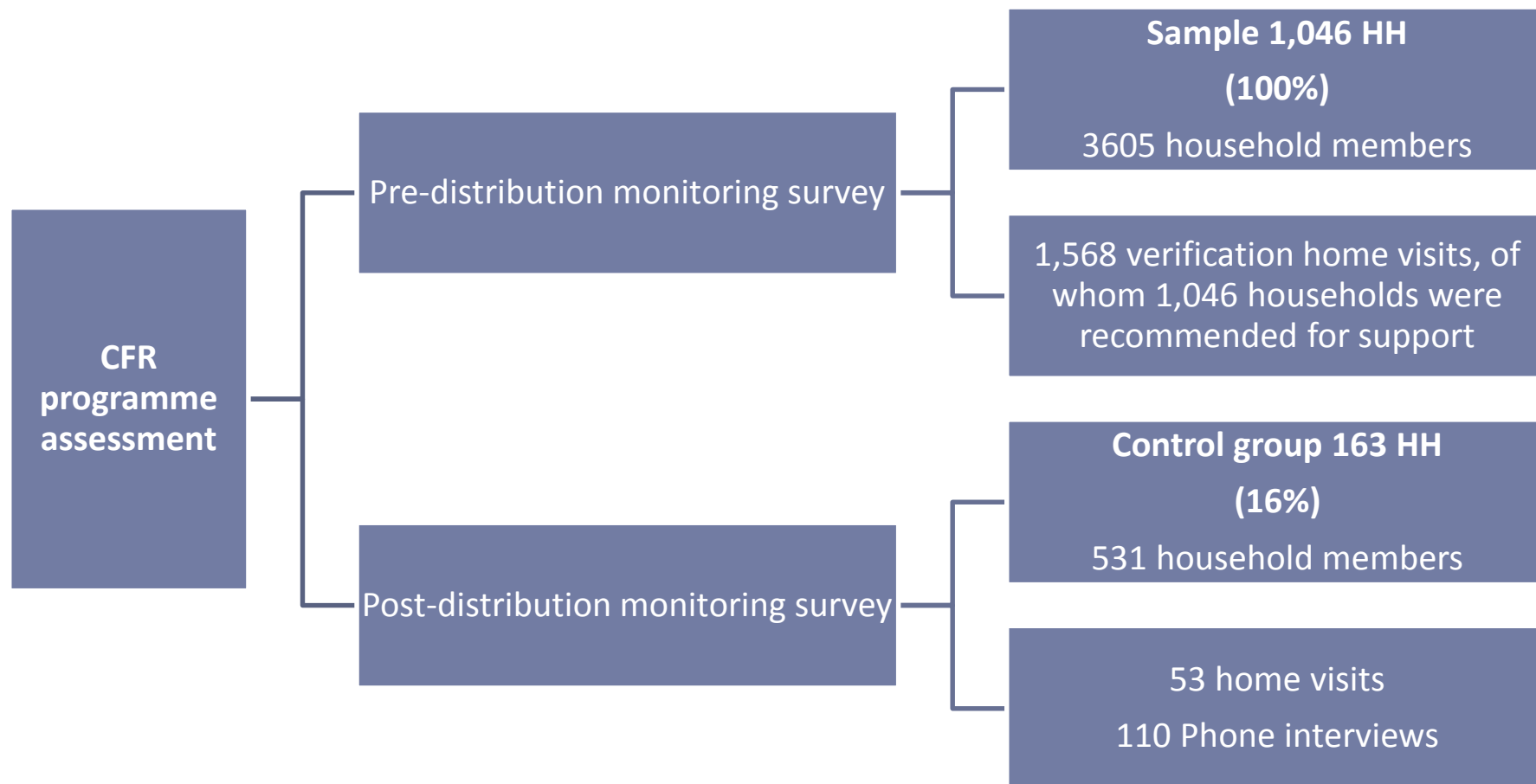
# Selection criteria



## Beneficiary vulnerability/eligibility criteria:

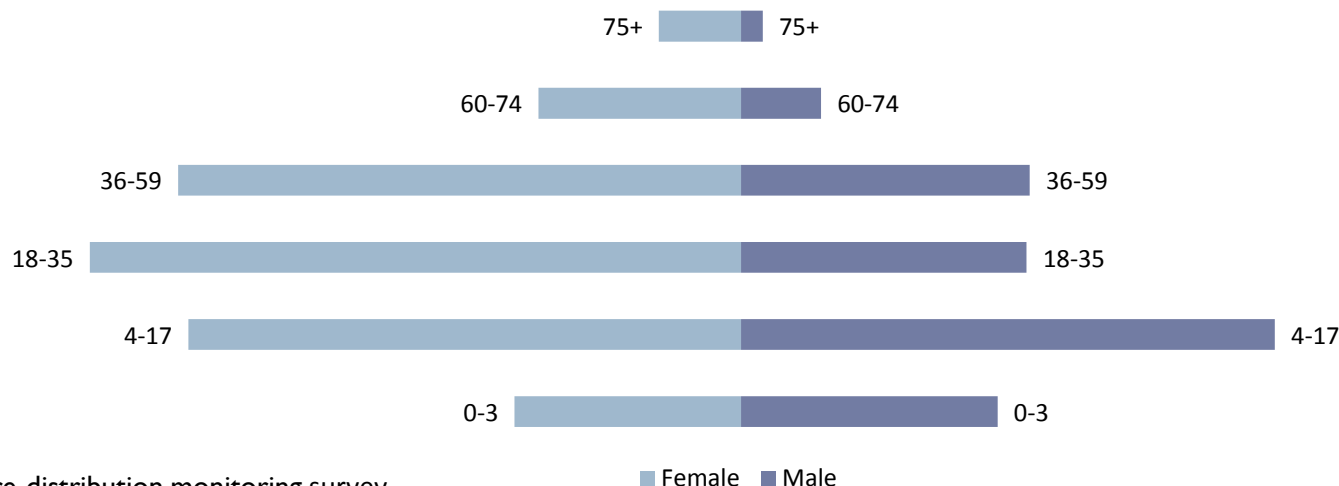
- People living with disabilities, including disabled children
- Elderly (70+)
- HHs with many children (3+)
- Low income IDP HH, unable to cover basic rent payment
- Single headed HHs

# Methodology



# Beneficiary Characteristics

## Age/Gender breakdown of household members



91% of **respondents** (heads of households) are women (pre- & post-distribution monitoring)

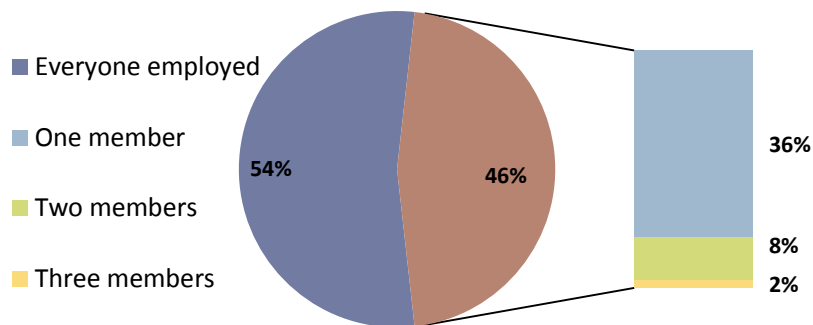
## Sample validity

Household members	Pre-	Post-
Women	61%	61%
Children	42%	38%
Elderly (60+)	10%	11%



# Sources of income

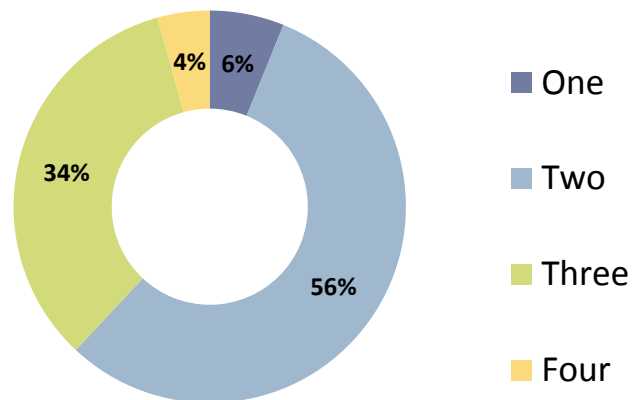
## Number of unemployed household members, able to work



Source: Pre-distribution monitoring survey

46% of households have at least one unemployed household member, who is able to work

## Number of income sources in the household



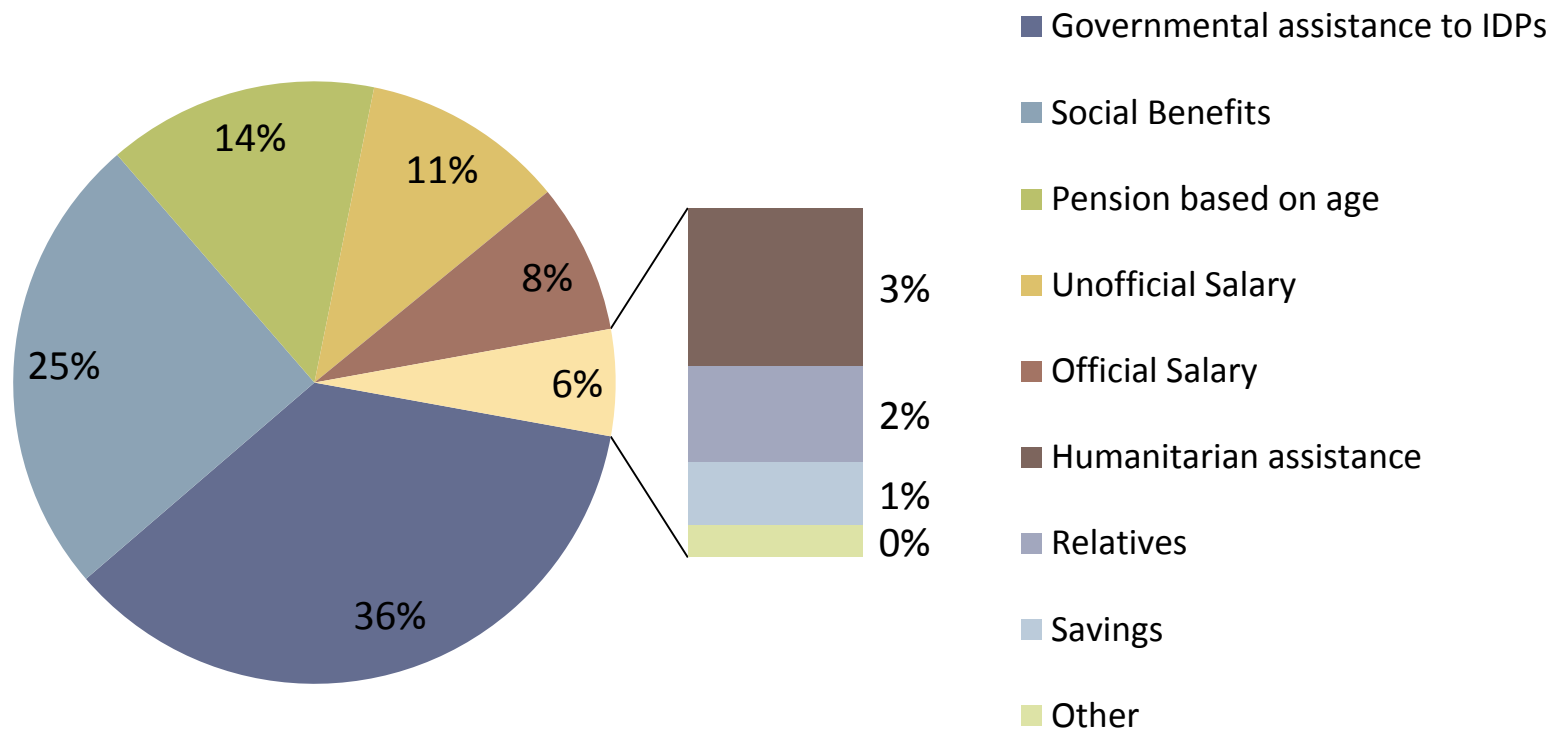
Source: Post-distribution monitoring survey

93% (152 out of 163) of the surveyed households receive social benefits and pensions as one of the income source

- 59% - social benefits,
- 34% pension based on age



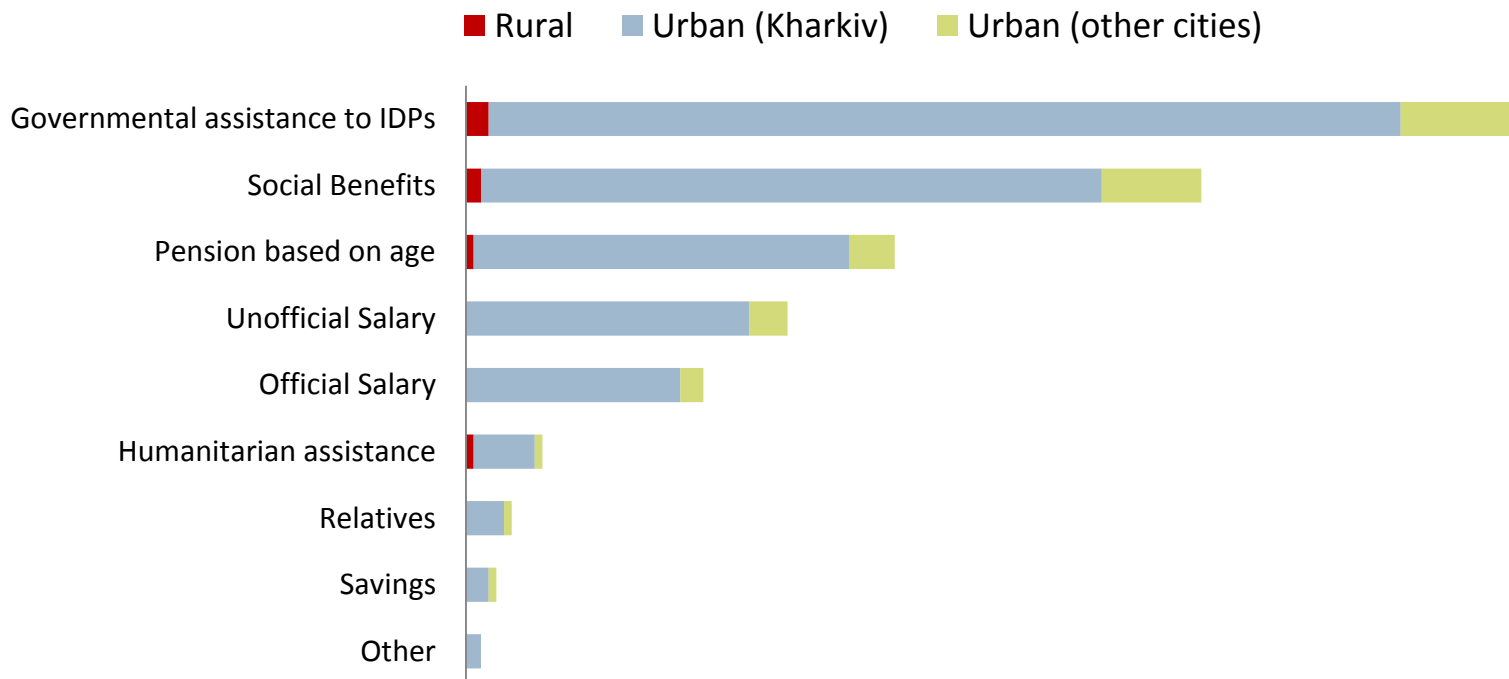
# Sources of income - frequency analysis\*



\*N=385 (number of income sources named by 163 respondents)

Source: Post-distribution monitoring survey

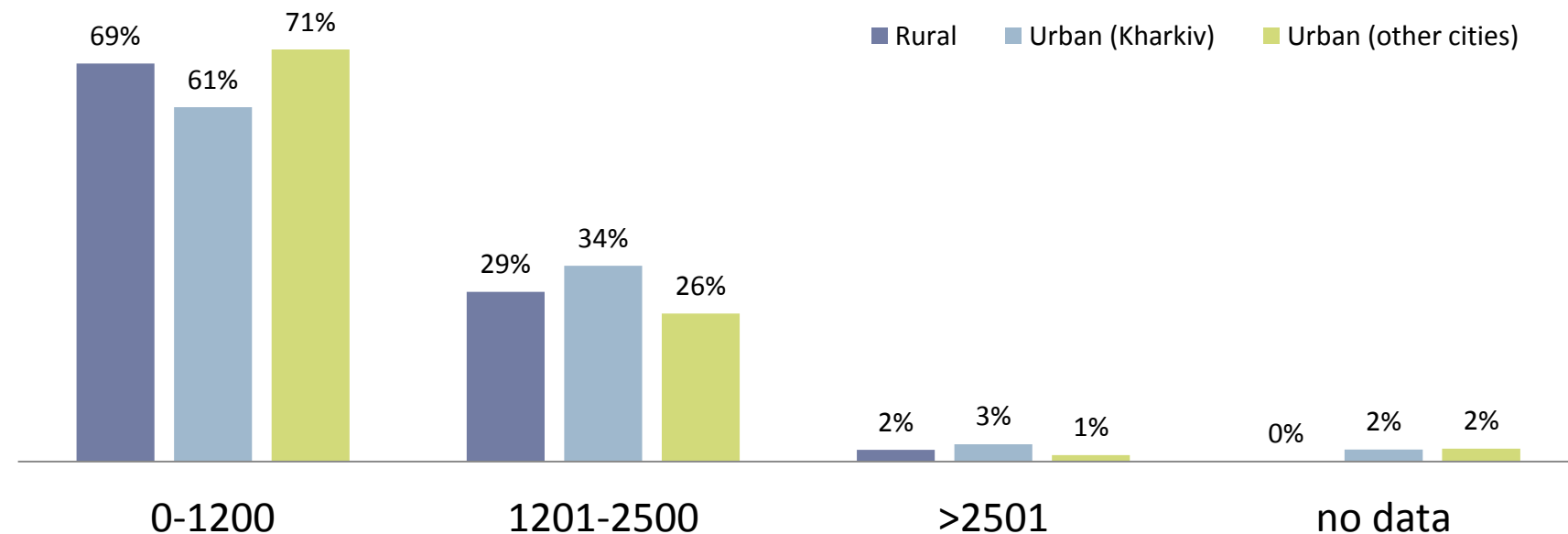
# Income sources and settlement type



Source: Post-distribution monitoring survey

- Rural residents mostly rely on governmental assistance to IDPs, social benefits and pensions and humanitarian assistance.
- Salaries, both official and non-official, are relevant for urban residents and were not indicated as an income source in rural areas.

# Income level per household member, UAH



Source: Pre-distribution monitoring survey

- Sixty-four (64%) percent of CFR beneficiaries have personal income up to 1,200 UAH, 32% - from 1,201 to 2,500 UAH
- Minimum subsistence level for January – April 2016 was 1330 UAH

# Housing conditions

35%

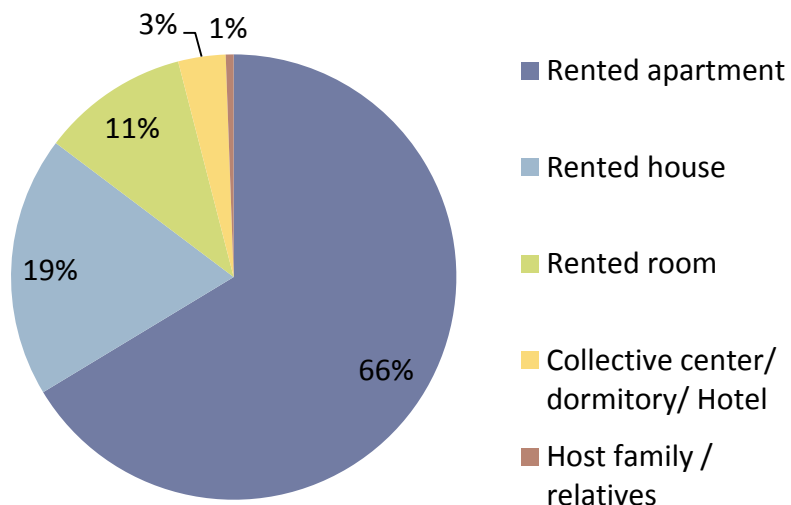
of post-distribution monitoring survey respondents faced discrimination when renting an apartment due to their status as IDPs

- 77% of those IDPs who faced difficulties in renting accommodation reported landlords refusing to let apartments to IDPs
- 11% reported landlords requesting larger deposit from IDPs

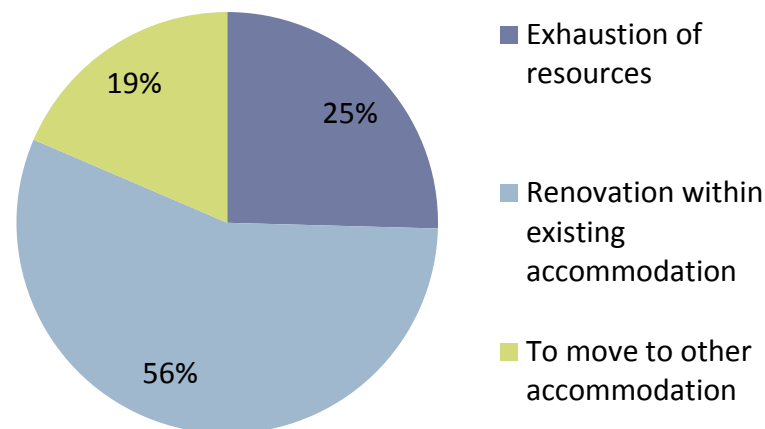
Source: Post-distribution monitoring survey

# Housing conditions

**Accommodation type**



**Cash for rent support type**



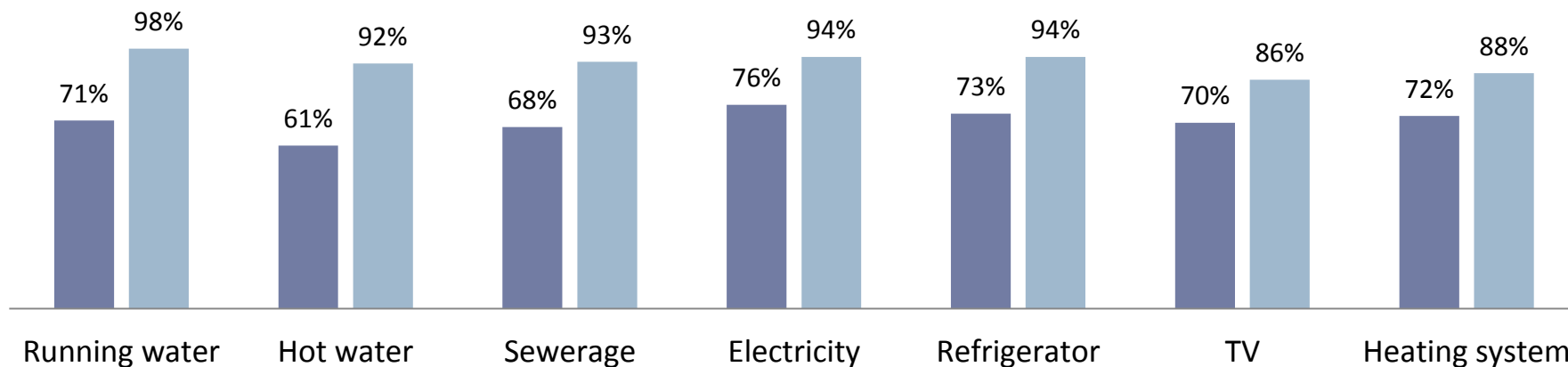
56% percent of all households participating in the CFR programme reported having rent or utility debts during pre-distribution monitoring.

Source: Pre-distribution monitoring survey

# Housing conditions

## Access to basic services in the housing

■ Pre-distribution monitoring ■ Post distribution monitoring



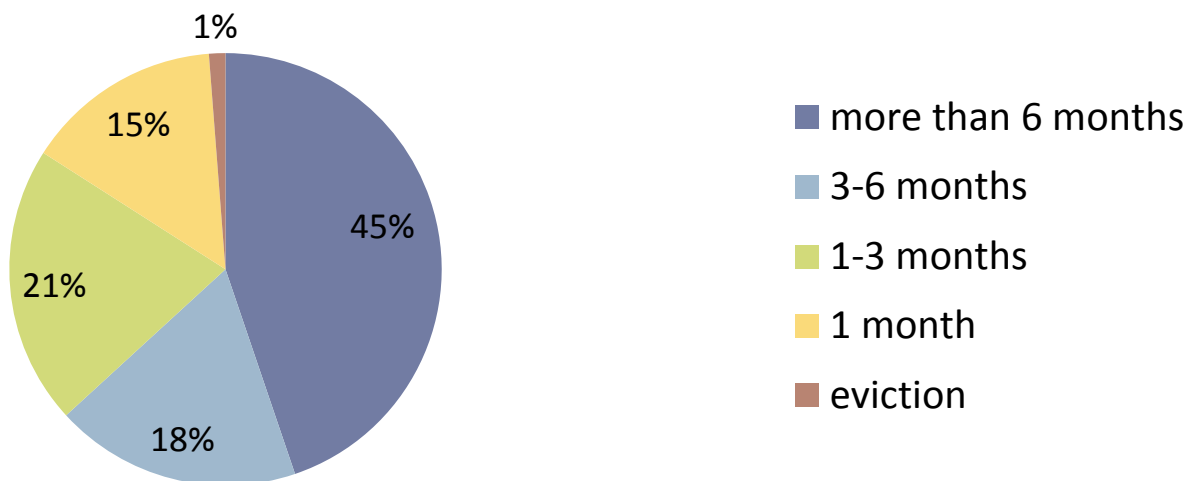
28% of households were sharing a bathroom with other households during pre-distribution monitoring



At the end of the programme, 13% of the surveyed households reported sharing a bathroom with other households

# Sustainability

## Capacity to stay in the same premises after the end of the project



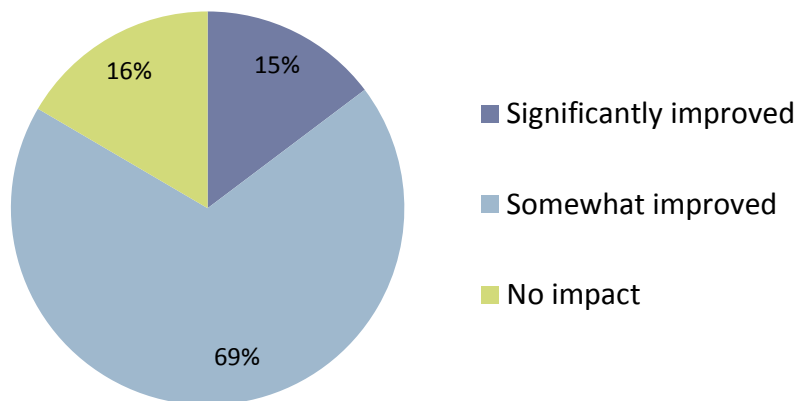
Source: Post-distribution monitoring survey

- 45 per cent of the post-distribution monitoring respondents feel stable and are confident that they will be able to cover rent costs of their current accommodation for more than six month after the project end.
- Only 1 per cent of all respondents reported that they are confident that they will not be able to stay in the same premises without assistance.



# Sustainability

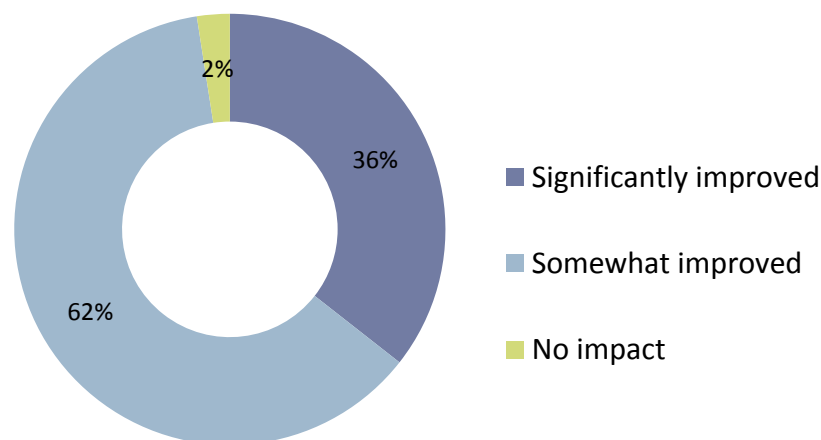
## Impact of project on the integration to the local community



84 % of respondents admitted that participation in the CFR project improved their integration to the local community

98% of post-distribution monitoring respondents stated that the CFR project has increased their access to livelihood opportunities

## Access to livelihood opportunities



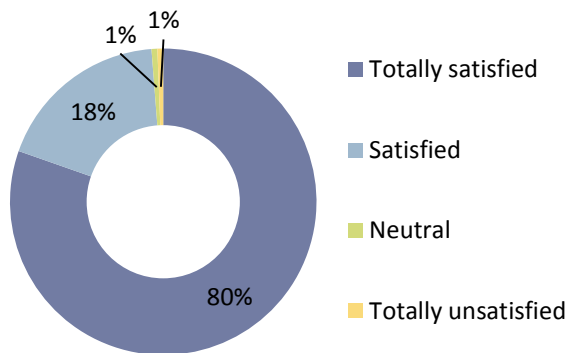
# Programme & team performance

- 98% are satisfied or totally satisfied with the programme
- 77% were aware of the IOM Project Hotline
  - 55% of them called the IOM Project Hotline
  - and 99% of those who called were satisfied with the assistance that they received from the hotline.

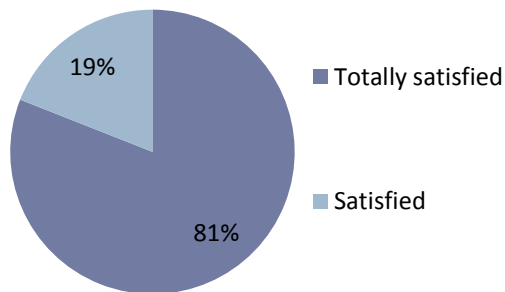
77%

of post distribution monitoring respondents stated that participation in the CFR programme helped to increase their access to social services, since the pressure on family budget was reduced

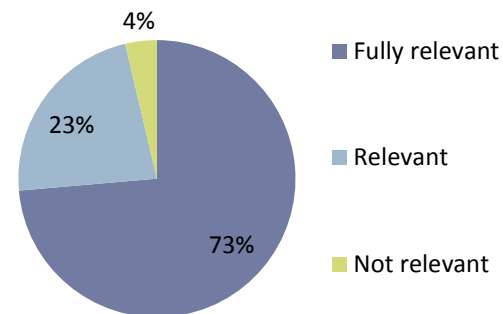
**Satisfaction with the project modality**



**Satisfaction with the timeliness of the assistance**



**Relevance of the assistance**



# Thank you

Emergency & Stabilization Unit  
IOM Ukraine